

Per Lib

"Satisfactory answers from computer processing based on a medieval documentary sources could be achieved only with storing documents *in extenso*"
(A. Pratesi, Table Ronde CNRS, 1975)

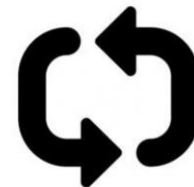
The idea of the whole project is to reconstitue, edit and publish the core complex (parchment documents) of the Archives of the Papal Basilica of Santa Maria Maggiore in Rome (former the "Archives of the Liberian Chapter") by appropriate integration of the funds kept there (XV-XIX sec.) with the ones currently kept at the Vatican Library (IX-XIV century).



Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana
(BAV)

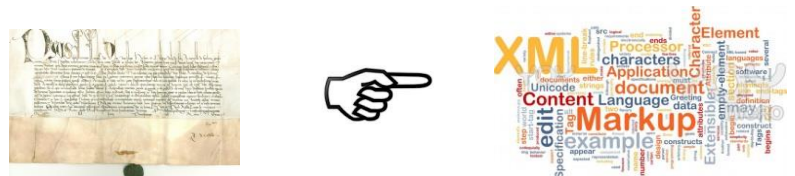


Archivio Basilica Papale di Santa Maria Maggiore
(ABPSMM)



Each document is associated with a board comprising the following items:

- **Summary** (text of the document summary, date topographic and chronological)
- **Transcript** (full text of the document)
- **Sources** (citation of the sources used for the document summary and the full text)
- **Tradition** (information on the location and description of the external - measurements, condition, etc..)



The **text** of the document in the transcript will be **marked** by a point of view purely of content (editor, receiver, witnesses, petitioner, personal names, place names, geographical indications, etc..) as well as from the standpoint of diplomatic and palaeography (abbreviations, change of handwriting, the beginning of new lines, suffered damage from the document, but also parts of speech diplomat etc.).

The model of the electronic coding of documentary texts medieval is **not neutral**, but always linked to the needs of search.

An important choice: TEI, CEI or new creation?

Proposed methodology

